



DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD

**Cereals and cereal products — Determination of moisture content — Part
1: Reference method**

TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

0. National Foreword

The Tanzania Bureau of Standards is the statutory national standards body for Tanzania, formally established by the Act.No.3 of 1975, which was amended and repealed by Act.No.2 of 2009.

The Cereals and Pulses Technical Committee, under the supervision of the Agriculture and Food Standards Divisional Committee (AFDC), has prepared this Tanzania Standard.

This Tanzania standard is the identical adoption to ISO 712-1:2024 - Cereals and cereal products — Determination of moisture content — Part 1: Reference method, published by International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

Terminology and conventions

The text of the International Standard is hereby being recommended for approval without deviation for publication as Tanzania standard.

Some terminologies and certain conventions are not identical with those used in Tanzania standards; attention is drawn to the following: -

- 1) The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use “full point” on the baseline as the decimal marker.
- 2) Where the words “International Standard(s)” appear, referring to this standard they should read “Tanzania Standard(s)”.

1. Scope

This document specifies a routine reference method for the determination of the moisture content of cereals and cereal products.

This document applies to: wheat, rice (paddy, husked and milled), barley, millet (*Panicum miliaceum*), rye, oats, triticale, sorghum in the form of grains, milled grains, semolina or flour.

The method is not applicable to maize and pulses.